

**Species:**

**Index Result:**

Scientific Name ***Schoenoplectus subterminalis***  
 Common Name **Water clubrush**  
 Taxonomic Group Vascular Plant  
 Geographic Area Western Oregon

**Moderately Vulnerable**  
**Confidence Very High**  
 (based on entered data)  
 Date Assessed 5/12/2020  
 GRank G5  
 SRank S2  
 Assessor Sue Vrillakas

Cave/Ground Water Obligate: No  
 Migratory area included in assessment: No

**Climate Change Vulnerability Index Values:** (greatest score shown when range was selected)

Category	Factor	Score	Comments
Temperature Scope (predicted increase)	A >6.0F	0	
	A 5.5F	0	
	A 5.1F	0	
	A 4.5F	0	
	A 3.9F	12	
	A <3.9F	88	
Hamon AET:PET Moisture Metric Scope	< -0.119	0	
	-0.119	27	
	-0.096	62	
	-0.073	11	
	-0.05	0	
	>-0.028	0	
Sea level rise	B1	Inc	About 1/2 populations found in coastal areas; lakes and wetlands
Natural barriers	B2a	N	
Anthropogenic barriers	B2b	N	
Climate Change mitigation	B3	U	
Dispersal/Movement	C1	N	Wide ranging, in multiple states
Historical thermal niche	C2ai	GI	
Physiological thermal niche	C2aai	N	Half occurrences are coastal which has experienced very small temperature variations  Highest value: 133.5106; lowest 60.2426; difference 73.268
Historical hydrological niche	C2bi	N	
Physiol. hydrological niche	C2bii	Inc	
Disturbance dependence	C2c	N	
Ice/snow dependence	C2d	N	
Physical habitat restrictions	C3	N	
Other spp create habitat	C4a	N	
Dietary Versatility	C4b	U	
Pollinator Versatility	C4c	N	
Other spp for dispersal	C4d	N	
Pathogen sensitivity	C4e	N	
Competition sensitivity	C4f	N	
Interspecific Relationship	C4g	U	
Measured genetic variation	C5a	U	
Bottlenecks	C5b	U	
Plant reproductive system	C5c	U	
Phenological response	C6	U	
Documented response	D1	U	
Modeled change	D2	U	

Modeled overlap	D3	U	
Modeled protected areas	D4	U	

**Additional Notes:**

Range map created using ArcMap Mimumum Mapping Boundary-Convex Hull on ORBIC element occurrence data, 4-29-2020 export. Climate and precipitation data from Climate Wizard using the A1B emissions scenario and ensemble average general circulation model: Historical = 1951-2006; Future = mid-century (2050s); Hamon AET:PET moisture metric (Hamon 1961).

**References:**

**Data sources and notes:**

Range map created using ArcMap Mimumum Mapping Boundary-Convex Hull on ORBIC element occurrence data. Climate and precipitation data from Climate Wizard using the A1B emissions scenario and ensemble average general circulation model: Historical = 1951-2006; Future = mid-century (2050s); Hamon AET:PET moisture metric (Hamon 1961).

Detailed definitions of criteria and methodology can be found in the documentation at <http://www.natureserve.org/conservation-tools/climate-change-vulnerability-index>

**Legend and Definitions:**

<b>Affect to Vulnerability:</b>
GI = Greatly increase
Inc = Increase
SI = Somewhat increase
N = Neutral
U = Unknown

**Index Scores:**

<p><b>Extremely Vulnerable:</b> Abundance and/or range extent within geographical area assessed extremely likely to substantially decrease or disappear by 2050.</p> <p><b>Highly Vulnerable:</b> Abundance and/or range extent within geographical area assessed likely to decrease significantly by 2050.</p> <p><b>Moderately Vulnerable:</b> Abundance and/or range extent within geographical area assessed likely to decrease by 2050.</p> <p><b>Less Vulnerable:</b> Available evidence does not suggest that abundance and/or range extent within the geographical area assessed will change (increase/decrease) substantially by 2050. Actual range boundaries may change.</p> <p><b>Insufficient Evidence:</b> Information entered about a species' vulnerability is inadequate to calculate an Index score.</p>
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**Citation:**

Oregon Biodiversity Information Center. 2020. Climate Change Vulnerability Index assessment for Water clubrush (*Schoenoplectus subterminalis*). Institute for Natural Resources, Portland State University, Portland, OR.