Oregon Status Factors

Elcode NFSM000155

Gname RAMARIA RUBELLA VAR. BLANDA

Gcomname

Number of Occurrences

A = 1 - 5

Comments Known from 1 location within the Oregon Coast Range.

Number of Occurrences with Good Viability

U = Unknown what number of occurrences with good viability

Comments Unknown forest management activities in this site. This species grows on decomposed wood of

conifers (spruce) in the western USA. Susceptible to logging activities.

Population Size

A = 1-50 individuals

Comments

Range Extent

E = 5,000-20,000 km2 (about 2,000-8,000 square miles)

Comments Know from only one location in the Oregon coast range.

Area of Occupancy

A = <0.4 km 2 (less than about 100 acres)

LA = <4 km (less than about 2.5 miles)

Comments

Long-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Long-term trend in population, range, area occupied, or number or condition of occurrences unknown

Comments

Short-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Short-term trend in population, range, area occupied, and number and condition of occurrences unknown.

Comments

Threats

C = Substantial, non-imminent threat. Threat is moderate to severe but not imminent (> 10 years) for most of the population, occurrences, or area.

Scope High Severity High Immediacy Unknown

Comments

Number of Appropriately Protected and Managed Occurrences

U = Unknown whether any occurrences are appropriately protected and managed

Comments Unknown forest management activities in this site.

Intrinsic Vulnerability

A = Highly Vulnerable. Species is slow to mature, reproduces infrequently, and/or has low fecundity such that populations are very slow (> 20 years or 5 generations) to recover from decreases in abundance; or species has low dispersal capability such that extirpated populations are unlikely to become reestablished through natural recolonization (unaided by humans). Ecological community occurrences are highly susceptible to changes in composition and structure that rarely if ever are reversed through natural processes even over substantial time periods (> 100 years).

Comments This species grows on decomposed wood of conifers (spruce) in the western USA. Suceptible to looging activities.

Environmental Specificity

B = Narrow. Specialist or community with key requirements common.

Comments

Other Considerations

ORNHIC List 2

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Greasons

Known from 1 location within the Oregon Coast Range. This is a rare species in the PNW forests. Susceptible to logging activities including soil compaction. More studies are needed to determine its rarity or abundance in the PNW.

BCD Sources

Castellano, M.A., J.E. Smith, T. O'Dell, E. Cazares and S. Nugent. 1999. Handbook to Strategy 1 Fungal species in the Northwest Forest Plan. USDA, Forest Service Pacific Northwest Research Station, Portland, OR. GTR PNW-GTR-476. & Marr, C.D. and Stuntz, D.E. 1973. & Ramaria subgenus Lentoramaria with emphasis on North American taxa. Biblio. Mycol. 43:1-161.

New Sources