

## Heritage Rank Status Factors

**Elcode** NFSM000131  
**Gname** PHELLODON ATRATUS  
**Gcomname**

### Number of Occurrences

C = 21- 80

Comments

### Number of Occurrences with Good Viability

D = Some (13-40) occurrences with good viability

Comments

### Population Size

C = 250-1,000 individuals

Comments

### Range Extent

E = 5,000-20,000 km<sup>2</sup> (about 2,000-8,000 square miles)

Comments Endemic to the Pacific Northwest, from British Columbia to California.

### Area of Occupancy

B = 0.4-4 km<sup>2</sup> (about 100-1,000 acres)

C = 4-20 km<sup>2</sup> (about 1,000-5,000 acres)

LB = 4-40 km (about 2.5-25 miles)

LC = 40-200 km (about 25-125 miles)

Comments

### Long-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Long-term trend in population, range, area occupied, or number or condition of occurrences unknown

Comments

### Short-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Short-term trend in population, range, area occupied, and number and condition of occurrences unknown.

Comments

## Threats

B = Moderate and imminent threat. Threat is moderate to severe and imminent for a significant proportion (20-60%) of the population, occurrences, or area. Ecological community occurrences are directly impacted over a moderate area, either causing irreversible damage or requiring a long-term recovery.

Scope Moderate Severity Moderate Immediacy Moderate

Comments

## Number of Appropriately Protected and Managed Occurrences

D = Many (13-40) occurrences appropriately protected and managed

Comments

## Intrinsic Vulnerability

U = Unknown

Comments

## Environmental Specificity

B = Narrow. Specialist or community with key requirements common.

Comments Only along the West Coast.

## Other Considerations

National Rank - N4

**Edition** 11/17/2002 **Edauthor** Francisco J. Camacho

**Grank** G4 **Grank Date** 11/17/2002

## Reasons

Endemic to the Pacific Northwest, from British Columbia to California. All of the collections in the ISMS database are from the last few years. I suspect that this is a common fungus. My experience for several years along the central Oregon coast is that it is common.

## BCD Sources

## New Sources