Heritage Rank Status Factors

Elcode NFSM000113

Gname OCTAVIANINA MACROSPORA

Gcomname

Number of Occurrences

A = 1 - 5

Comments Only known from one site.

Number of Occurrences with Good Viability

A = No (A- or B- ranked) occurrences with good viability B = Very few (1-3) occurrences with good viability

Comments

Population Size

Comments

Range Extent

A = <100 km 2 (less than about 40 square miles)

Comments Only known from one site in Oregon.

Area of Occupancy

Comments

Long-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Long-term trend in population, range, area occupied, or number or condition of occurrences unknown

Comments

Short-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Short-term trend in population, range, area occupied, and number and condition of occurrences unknown.

Comments

Threats

E = Localized substantial threat. Threat is moderate to severe for a small but significant proportion of the population, occurrences, or area. Ecological community occurrences are directly impacted over a small area, or in a small portion of their range, but threats require a long-term recovery.

Scope Low Severity Moderate Immediacy Moderate

Comments

This is a mycorrizhal species it is dependent on a host tree for its carbohydrates. Studies have shown that if the tree is killed the mycorrizhal fungi die shorty after. The one possibly saving feature of this species it the spore bank. However, nothing is known about the spore bank of this species

Number of Appropriately Protected and Managed Occurrences

B = Few (1-3) occurrences appropriately protected and managed

Comments

Intrinsic Vulnerability

U = Unknown

Comments

Environmental Specificity

A = Very Narrow. Specialist or community with key requirements scarce.

Comments

Other Considerations

NRANK - GH

Edition 11/17/2002 Edauthor Francisco J. Camacho

Grank GH Grank Date 11/17/2002

Greasons

Only one known site. This site is in habitat that is in the best truffled area. It has only been found once, and not recently. It is certainly a very rare fungus.

BCD Sources

New Sources

Singer, R., A.H. Smith. 1960. Studies on secotiaceious fungi. IX. The astrogastraceous series. Mem. Torr. Bot. Club 21:1-112