## **California Status Factors**

Elcode NFSM000078

**Gname** GLOMUS RADIATUS

**Gcomname** 

## **Number of Occurrences**

A = 1 - 5

Comments Only known from one site.

## **Number of Occurrences with Good Viability**

A = No (A- or B- ranked) occurrences with good viability

B = Very few (1-3) occurrences with good viability

Comments

# **Population Size**

A = 1-50 individuals

Comments

## **Range Extent**

A = <100 km2 (less than about 40 square miles)

Comments Only known from one site.

## **Area of Occupancy**

A = <0.4 km 2 (less than about 100 acres)

LA = <4 km (less than about 2.5 miles)

Comments

# Long-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Long-term trend in population, range, area occupied, or number or condition of occurrences unknown

Comments

# Short-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Short-term trend in population, range, area occupied, and number and condition of occurrences unknown.

Comments

#### **Threats**

B = Moderate and imminent threat. Threat is moderate to severe and imminent for a significant proportion (20-60%) of the population, occurrences, or area. Ecological community occurrences are directly impacted over a moderate area, either causing irreversible damage or requiring a long-term recovery.

Scope Moderate Severity Moderate Immediacy Moderate

Comments

This is a mycorrizhal species; it is dependent on a host tree for its carbohydrates. Studies have shown that if the tree is killed the mycorrizhal fungi die shorty after. The one possibly saving feature of this species is the spore bank. However, nothing is known about the spore bank of this species.

## **Number of Appropriately Protected and Managed Occurrences**

A = None. No occurrences appropriately protected and managed

Comments

## **Intrinsic Vulnerability**

U = Unknown

Comments

# **Environmental Specificity**

C = Moderate. Generalist or community with some key requirements scarce.

Comments With the broad range it is probably not specific in it's environmental requirements.

### **Other Considerations**

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**Grank** S1S3 **Grank Date** 11/12/2002

#### **Greasons**

Only known from one site in California. Although this fungus is not known from many sites, it is very small less that a cm. and grows underground. This fungus is easily over looked. I believe that it is more common than we now know. It probably frequently occurs with Chamaecyparis and Sequoia.

#### **BCD Sources**

### **New Sources**

Gerdemann, J.W., J.M. Trappe. 1974. The Endogonaceae in the Pacific Northwest. Mycol. Mem. 5:1-76.