California Status Factors

Elcode NFSM000069

Gname GASTROBOLETUS RUBER

Gcomname

Number of Occurrences

A = 1 - 5

Comments Known from 1 site.

Number of Occurrences with Good Viability

A = No (A- or B- ranked) occurrences with good viability B = Very few (1-3) occurrences with good viability

Comments

Population Size

Comments

Range Extent

A = <100 km2 (less than about 40 square miles)

Comments Located on Mount Shasta.

Area of Occupancy

Comments

Long-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Long-term trend in population, range, area occupied, or number or condition of occurrences unknown

Comments

Short-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Short-term trend in population, range, area occupied, and number and condition of occurrences unknown.

Comments

Threats

B = Moderate and imminent threat. Threat is moderate to severe and imminent for a significant proportion (20-60%) of the population, occurrences, or area. Ecological community occurrences are directly impacted over a moderate area, either causing irreversible damage or requiring a long-term recovery.

Scope Moderate Severity Moderate Immediacy Moderate

Comments

This is a mycorrizhal species; it is dependent on a host tree for its carbohydrates. Studies have shown that if the tree is killed the mycorrizhal fungi die shorty after. The one possibly saving feature of this species is the spore bank. However, nothing is known about the spore bank of this species.

Number of Appropriately Protected and Managed Occurrences

A = None. No occurrences appropriately protected and managed

Comments

Intrinsic Vulnerability

U = Unknown

Comments

Environmental Specificity

B = Narrow. Specialist or community with key requirements common.

Comments

Other Considerations

Edition 11/12/2002 Edauthor Francisco J. Camacho

Grank S1S2 **Grank Date** 11/12/2002

Greasons

Only known from one location in California. This is the edge of this species range and this population may have important genetic adaptations for the survival of this species as climates change. This speces is often erumpent and easily seen in the low density underbrush forests that it occurs in. I suspect that it is truly rare in California.

BCD Sources

New Sources

Thiers, H.D., J.M. Trappe. 1969. Studies in the genus Gastroboletus. Brittonia 21:249-251