Oregon Status Factors

Elcode NFSM000033

Gname CLITOCYBE SUBDITOPODA

Gcomname FUNGUS

Number of Occurrences

A = 1 - 5

Comments ISMS records no noted sites in Oregon. The Handbook to Strategy 1 Fungal Species in the

Northwest Forest Plan notes 1-2 sites in Clackamas County, Oregon.

Number of Occurrences with Good Viability

U = Unknown what number of occurrences with good viability

Comments Unknown

Population Size

U = Unknown

Comments The range of appropriate habitat but lack of cited occurrences suggests a lack of collection and

study of this species.

Range Extent

F = 20,000-200,000 km2 (about 8,000-80,000 square miles)

Comments

Estimated range is about 37,747 square kilometers (14,474 square miles). This species has only been noted in low to mid-elevation temperate forests in the northern Oregon Cascades, although it is certainly possible that populations of this species may be located in the coastal sitka spruce zone as well.

Area of Occupancy

U = Unknown

LU = Unknown

Comments

It is unknown how many individual organisms are located at each site of occurrence and there is no estimation as to how large each organism is and how many fruiting bodies it has.

Long-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Long-term trend in population, range, area occupied, or number or condition of occurrences unknown

Comments Unknown

Short-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Short-term trend in population, range, area occupied, and number and condition of occurrences

unknown.

Comments Unknown

Threats

U = Unknown. The available information is not sufficient to assign degree of threat as above. (Severity, scope, and immediacy are all unknown, or mostly [two of three] unknown or not assessed [null].)

Scope Unknown Severity Unknown Immediacy Unknown

Comments

Because the potential range of the species is rather widespread in western Oregon and there appears to be a lack of collection data for this species, it is unknown to what extent this species exists in Oregon and consequently, to what extant it is threatened. It is known that widespread logging, road and trail construction, or other activities that destroy the mossy, shaded substrates and Picea and Pinus needle beds on which this species grows may threaten the species.

Number of Appropriately Protected and Managed Occurrences

U = Unknown whether any occurrences are appropriately protected and managed

Comments It is unknown whether the two noted sites in Clackamas county are protected and/or managed.

Intrinsic Vulnerability

B = Moderately Vulnerable. Species exhibits moderate age of maturity, frequency of reproduction, and/or fecundity such that populations generally tend to recover from decreases in abundance over a period of several years (on the order of 5-20 years or 2-5 generations); or species has moderate dispersal capability such that extirpated populations generally become reestablished through natural recolonization (unaided by humans). Ecological community occurrences may be susceptible to changes in composition and structure but tend to recover through natural processes given reasonable time (10-100 years).

Comments

Moderately vulnerable. Fruiting bodies are of moderate size and fragility and have relatively small spores. Spores could theoretically travel a great distance, though the species preferred temperate forest habitat suggests a lack of strong winds to carry the spores such distances.

Environmental Specificity

B = Narrow. Specialist or community with key requirements common.

Comments

Key requirements for this species include needle beds of Picea and Pinus species in coastal to mid-elevation conifer forests. It is also noted that this species occurs on "mossy ground in woods".

Other Considerations

ORNHIC - List 3 (Review).

Edition 11/25/2002 Edauthor Hawes, Susan M.

Grank S1S3 **Grank Date** 11/25/2002

Greasons

Few collections of this species have been documented in Oregon. Because of this lack of information and the rather widespread possible habitat for this species in Oregon, it is difficult to estimate the population size, viability and population trends of this species in Oregon. Number of occurences is 2. It is unknown how many individual organisms are located at each site of occurrence and there is no estimation as to how large each organism is and how many fruiting bodies it has. Estimated range is about 37,747 square kilometers (14,474 square miles). Long-term and short-term trends unknown. Threat value unknown. It is not known whether the noted occurrences are protected in Oregon. Moderately vulnerable. Narrow environmental specificity.

Because of a lack of collections and information about this species, the guide for ranking poorly known species was used to assign the Grank.

BCD Sources

New Sources

Castellano, Michael A., J. E. Smith, T. O'Dell, E. Cazares & S. Nugent. 1999. Handbook to Strategy 1 Fungal Species in the Northwest Forest Plan. Gen. Tech. Rep. PNW-GTR-476. Portland, Oregon: United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Pacific Northwest Research Station. 195 p.

USDA Forest Service, USDI Bureau of Land Management, USDI Fish and Wildlife Service. 2002. Interagency Species Management System [ISMS] database. Portland, Oregon.

New York State Museum (NYS). Mycological Herbarium Type Specimen Database. 1999. Albany, New York. http://mapserver.nysed.gov/data/fungi/fungiall.html