## **California Status Factors**

Elcode NFSM000021

**Gname** CHAMONIXIA CAESPITOSA

**Gcomname** 

### **Number of Occurrences**

A = 1 - 5

Comments Only known from one site.

## **Number of Occurrences with Good Viability**

B = Very few (1-3) occurrences with good viability

Comments

# **Population Size**

A = 1-50 individuals

Comments

## Range Extent

A = <100 km 2 (less than about 40 square miles)

Comments This species is only known from Redwoods State Park, Prairie Creek

## **Area of Occupancy**

A = <0.4 km 2 (less than about 100 acres)

LA = <4 km (less than about 2.5 miles)

Comments

# Long-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Long-term trend in population, range, area occupied, or number or condition of occurrences unknown

Comments

# Short-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Short-term trend in population, range, area occupied, and number and condition of occurrences unknown.

Comments

#### **Threats**

B = Moderate and imminent threat. Threat is moderate to severe and imminent for a significant proportion (20-60%) of the population, occurrences, or area. Ecological community occurrences are directly impacted over a moderate area, either causing irreversible damage or requiring a long-term recovery.

Scope Moderate Severity Moderate Immediacy Moderate

Comments

This is a mycorrizhal species; it is dependent on a host tree for its carbohydrates. Studies have shown that if the tree is killed the mycorrizhal fungi die shorty after. The one possibly saving feature of this species is the spore bank. However, nothing is known about the spore bank of this species.

# **Number of Appropriately Protected and Managed Occurrences**

B = Few (1-3) occurrences appropriately protected and managed

Comments

## **Intrinsic Vulnerability**

U = Unknown

Comments

## **Environmental Specificity**

B = Narrow. Specialist or community with key requirements common.

Comments

## **Other Considerations**

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**Grank** S1S2 **Grank Date** 11/11/2002

#### Greasons

There is only one known site in California (along the northern California coast). This is not an easy species to find but I suspect that it has been well surveyed for along the northern California coast. This is the area studied by Dr. Largent and his many students.

#### **BCD Sources**

### **New Sources**

Rolland, L. 1899. Excursion a Chamonix - ete et automne 1898. Bull. Soc. Mycol. France 15:73-78