Oregon Status Factors

Elcode: NLTEST5840

Gname: CETRELIA CETRARIOIDES

Gcomname:

Number of Occurrences

C = 21-80
Comments: About 32 occurrences.

Number of Occurrences with Good Viability

C = Few (4-12) occurrences with good viability
D = Some (13-40) occurrences with good viability
Comments:

Population Size

Comments: Sporadic throughout its range (McCune and Geiser 1997).

Range Extent

F = 20,000-200,000 km² (about 8,000-80,000 square miles)
Comments: Coastal Alaska to Oregon, mainly in the Coast Ranges, not known east of the Cascades in the western United States (McCune and Geiser 1997).
Range in Oregon is about 20,000 square miles.

Area of Occupancy

G = 2,000-20,000 km² (500,000-5,000,000 acres)
LG = 20,000-200,000 km (about 12,500-125,000 miles)
Comments: Oregon area occupied about 1563 square miles.

Long-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Long-term trend in population, range, area occupied, or number or condition of occurrences unknown
Comments:

Short-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Short-term trend in population, range, area occupied, and number and condition of occurrences unknown.
Comments
**Threats**

H = Unthreatened. Threats if any, when considered in comparison with natural fluctuation and change, are minimal or very localized, not leading to significant loss or degradation of populations, occurrences, or area even over a few decades’ time. (Severity, scope, and/or immediacy of threat considered Insignificant.)

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scope</th>
<th>Severity</th>
<th>Immediacy</th>
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<tr>
<td>Low</td>
<td>Low</td>
<td>Insignificant</td>
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Comments: Sporadic throughout its range (McCune & Geiser 1977); loss of a few individuals could mean loss of a whole population. Sensitive to air pollution (McCune & Geiser 1997).

**Number of Appropriately Protected and Managed Occurrences**

D = Many (13-40) occurrences appropriately protected and managed

Comments: Oregon has 13 protected sites and 4 matrix sites. Cutting of its main substrates (alder and vine maple) is a threat at all sites because these two trees are often thinned, even in protected riparian zones.

**Intrinsic Vulnerability**

C = Not Intrinsically Vulnerable. Species matures quickly, reproduces frequently, and/or has high fecundity such that populations recover quickly (< 5 years or 2 generations) from decreases in abundance; or species has high dispersal capability such that extirpated populations soon become reestablished through natural recolonization (unaided by humans). Ecological community occurrences are resilient or resistant to irreversible changes in composition and structure and quickly recover (within 10 years).

Comments: Produces abundant soredia.

**Environmental Specificity**

B = Narrow. Specialist or community with key requirements common.

Comments: Wet low forests.

**Other Considerations**

ORNHIC - List 3.

**Edition** 2/20/2003  **Edauthor** Daphne Stone

**Grank** S2S3  **Grank Date** 11/30/2002

**Greasons**

Although there are 32 known populations, this species is sensitive to air pollution and the populations are small.

**BCD Sources**

**New Sources**

