# **Heritage Rank Status Factors**

Elcode NFSM000016

Gname BOLETUS PULCHERRIMUS

**Gcomname** 

## **Number of Occurrences**

C = 21 - 80

Comments Known from about 33 collections, representing about 7 sites.

## **Number of Occurrences with Good Viability**

D = Some (13-40) occurrences with good viability

Comments Because this species has been found at the same site several times.

## **Population Size**

B = 50-250 individuals

Comments

## Range Extent

G = 200,000-2,500,000 km2 (about 80,000-1,000,000 square miles)

# **Area of Occupancy**

B = 0.4-4 km 2 (about 100-1,000 acres)

LB = 4-40 km (about 2.5-25 miles)

Comments

# Long-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Long-term trend in population, range, area occupied, or number or condition of occurrences unknown

Comments

# **Short-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences**

U = Unknown. Short-term trend in population, range, area occupied, and number and condition of occurrences unknown.

Comments

#### **Threats**

B = Moderate and imminent threat. Threat is moderate to severe and imminent for a significant proportion (20-60%) of the population, occurrences, or area. Ecological community occurrences are directly impacted over a moderate area, either causing irreversible damage or requiring a long-term recovery.

Scope Moderate Severity Moderate Immediacy Moderate

Comments

This is a mycorrizhal species; it is dependent on a host tree for its carbohydrates. Studies have shown that if the tree is killed the mycorrizhal fungi die shorty after. The one possibly saving feature of this species is the spore bank. However, nothing is known about the spore bank of this species.

## **Number of Appropriately Protected and Managed Occurrences**

B = Few (1-3) occurrences appropriately protected and managed

Comments

## Intrinsic Vulnerability

U = Unknown

Comments

## **Environmental Specificity**

B = Narrow. Specialist or community with key requirements common.

Comments

## Other Considerations

National Rank - N2N3. Could be the same entity as Boletus eastwoodiae that is mostly associated with oak, but B. pulcherrimus is mostly associated with conifers and hence may be a different species. Boletus eastwoodiae was previously thought to have been misapplied to B. satanus, but the latter has been excluded from western North America.

Edition 11/11/2002 Edauthor Francisco J. Camacho

Grank G2G3 Grank Date 11/11/2002

## **Greasons**

Endemic to the Pacific Northwest from Washington south to California. Although there are 45 collections of this species there are only 7-11 known sites. This is a large mushroom. Not easily overlooked by mushroomers. However, it is not easy to identify. There are several look-a-likes.

### **BCD Sources**

## **New Sources**

Smith, A.H., H.D. Thiers. 1971. The Boletes of Michigan. University of Michigan Press, Ann Arbor. 428 p. Thiers, H.D. 1975. California Mushrooms: a field guide to the Boletes. Hafner Press, London. 261 p.