

## Oregon Status Factors

**Elcode** NFSM000009  
**Gname** ARCANGELIELLA CRASSA  
**Gcomname**

### Number of Occurrences

A = 1 - 5

**Comments** Recently discovered for the first time in Oregon. Previously thought to be an Oregon endemic species.

### Number of Occurrences with Good Viability

A = No (A- or B- ranked) occurrences with good viability

**Comments**

### Population Size

U = Unknown

**Comments** Recently discovered, no population information available.

### Range Extent

A = <100 km<sup>2</sup> (less than about 40 square miles)

**Comments**

### Area of Occupancy

A = <0.4 km<sup>2</sup> (less than about 100 acres)

B = 0.4-4 km<sup>2</sup> (about 100-1,000 acres)

LA = <4 km (less than about 2.5 miles)

LB = 4-40 km (about 2.5-25 miles)

**Comments**

### Long-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Long-term trend in population, range, area occupied, or number or condition of occurrences unknown

**Comments**

### Short-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Short-term trend in population, range, area occupied, and number and condition of occurrences unknown.

**Comments**

## Threats

U = Unknown. The available information is not sufficient to assign degree of threat as above. (Severity, scope, and immediacy are all unknown, or mostly [two of three] unknown or not assessed [null].)

Scope Unknown Severity Unknown Immediacy Unknown

Comments

## Number of Appropriately Protected and Managed Occurrences

U = Unknown whether any occurrences are appropriately protected and managed

Comments

## Intrinsic Vulnerability

U = Unknown

Comments

## Environmental Specificity

U = Unknown

Comments

## Other Considerations

ORNHIC List 3. Additional information on Oregon distribution needed.

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**Grank** S1 **Grank Date** 4/1/2004

## Reasons

Recently confirmed in Oregon for the first time. Status here not clear, but assumed to be very rare.

## BCD Sources

### New Sources

Pegler, D.N., T.W.K. Young. 1979. The gastroid Russulales. Trans. Brit. Mycol. Soc. 72:353-388. Singer, R., A.H. Smith. 1960. Studies on Secotiaceous fungi. IX. The astrogastreaeous series. Mem. Torr. Bot. Club 21:1-112