## **Oregon Status Factors**

Elcode NFSM000131

**Gname** PHELLODON ATRATUS

**Gcomname** 

#### **Number of Occurrences**

B = 6 - 20C = 21 - 80

Comments

## **Number of Occurrences with Good Viability**

C = Few (4-12) occurrences with good viability D = Some (13-40) occurrences with good viability

Comments

## **Population Size**

B = 50-250 individuals

Comments

## **Range Extent**

E = 5,000-20,000 km 2 (about 2,000-8,000 square miles)

Comments

#### **Area of Occupancy**

B = 0.4-4 km2 (about 100-1,000 acres)

LB = 4-40 km (about 2.5-25 miles)

Comments

## Long-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Long-term trend in population, range, area occupied, or number or condition of occurrences unknown

Comments

# Short-term Trend in Population Size, Extent of Occurrence, Area of Occupancy, and/or Number or Condition of Occurrences

U = Unknown. Short-term trend in population, range, area occupied, and number and condition of occurrences unknown.

Comments

#### **Threats**

B = Moderate and imminent threat. Threat is moderate to severe and imminent for a significant proportion (20-60%) of the population, occurrences, or area. Ecological community occurrences are directly impacted over a moderate area, either causing irreversible damage or requiring a long-term recovery.

Scope Moderate Severity Moderate Immediacy Moderate

Comments

## **Number of Appropriately Protected and Managed Occurrences**

U = Unknown whether any occurrences are appropriately protected and managed

Comments

## **Intrinsic Vulnerability**

U = Unknown

Comments

### **Environmental Specificity**

B = Narrow. Specialist or community with key requirements common.

Comments

#### Other Considerations

ORNHIC - Not Listed

Edition 11/17/2002 Edauthor Francisco J. Camacho

**Grank** S4 **Grank Date** 11/17/2002

#### **Greasons**

All of the collections in the ISMS database are from the last few years. I suspect that this is a common fungus. My experience for several years along the central Oregon coast is that it is common.

#### **BCD Sources**

#### **New Sources**