Species Data: Index Result:

Species *Hackelia cronquistii* Highly Vulnerable

English Name Cronquist's stickseed Confidence Very High
Taxonomic Group Vascular Plant (based on entered data)

Malheur & Baker County

GRank

G3

Cave/Ground Water Obligate No SRank S3

Migratory area included in

Geographic Area

assessment: No Assessor Sue Vrilakas

Climate Change Vulnerability Index Values: (greatest shown when range was selected)

Chinate Change vulnerability			Howir When range was selected)
Category	Factor	Score	Comments
	A >6.0F	0	
	A 5.5F	0	
Temperature Scope	A 5.1F	1	
(predicted increase)	A 4.5F	99	
	A 3.9F	0	
	A <3.9F	0	
	< -0.119 -0.119	0	
Hamon AET:PET Moisture	-0.119 -0.096	0	
Metric Scope	-0.098	57	
Wethe Scope	-0.075	43	
	>-0.03	0	
Sea level rise	B1	N	
Natural barriers	B2a	N	
Anthropogenic barriers	B2b	N	
Climate Change mitigation	B3	N	
	C1		l link oite fielelik.
Dispersal/Movement	_	Inc	High site fidelity
Historical thermal niche	C2ai	N	All pops in neutral category
Physiological thermal niche	C2aii	N	
Historical hydrological niche	C2bi	GI	Maximum 12.091, minimum 8.548
Physiol. hydrological niche	C2bii	Inc	Sandy soils, dry section of state
Disturbance dependence	C2c	SI	Increased fire in sagebrush community
Ice/snow dependence	C2d	N	
Physical habitat restrictions	C3	N	
Other spp create habitat	C4a	N	
Dietary Versatility	C4b	U	
Pollinator Versatility	C4c	U	
Other spp for dispersal	C4d	N	
Pathogen sensitivity	C4e	N	
Competition sensitivity	C4f	N	
Interspecific Relationship	C4g	N	
Measured genetic variation	C5a	U	
Bottlenecks	C5b	Ü	
Plant reproductive system	C5c	Ü	
Phenological response	C6	Ü	
Documented response	D1	U	
Modeled change	D2	U	
Modeled overlap	D3	U	
Modeled protected areas	D4	Ü	
Modeled professed areas	D4	L	

## Data sources and notes:

Climate and precipitation data from Climate Wizard using the A1B emissions scenario and ensemble average general circulation model. Historical = past 50 years; Future = mid-century (2050s). Species data from ORBIC database. Assessment performed in conjunction with the Element Rank Calculator. Other resources consulted: NREL national wind resources, 50m resolution (http://www.nrel.gov/gis/data\_analysis\_background.html); SILVIS lab Wildland Urban Interface 2010 layer (http://silvis.forest.wisc.edu/maps/wui\_main); Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries geologic map (http://www.oregongeology.org/sub/publications/GMS/gms.htm); US mining claims on federal lands (http://mrdata.usgs.gov/mine-claim/); Oregon Protected Areas Database (http://gapanalysis.usgs.gov/padus/data/).

Detailed definitions of criteria and methodology can be found in the documentation at http://www.natureserve.org/conservation-tools/climate-change-vulnerability-index

score.

## Legend and Definitions



## **Index Scores:**

Extremely Vulterable: Abundance and/or range extent within geographical area assessed extremely likely to substantially decrease or disappear by 2050. Highly Vulnerable: Abundance and/or range extent within geographical area assessed likely to decrease significantly by 2050. Moderately Vulnerable: Abundance and/or range extent within geographical area assessed likely to decrease by 2050. Less Vulnerable: Available evidence does not suggest that abundance and/or range extent within the geographical area assessed will change (increase/decrease) substantially by 2050. Actual range boundaries may change. **Insufficient Evidence:** Information entered about a species' vulnerability is inadequate to calculate an Index